

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DIC□20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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SEC FILE NUMBER

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/02	AND ENDING	12/31/02		
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/2360	66 TH STREET N	ORTH	·		
	(No□and Street)				
+ARGO .	FLORIDA		3377 ³		
(City)	(State)	1	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN I	REGARD TO THIS RE	PORT		
DAVID W. DUME		(グ	17)-536-7100		
			(Area Code - Telephone Number		
B□ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained i	n this Report*			
PENDER	NEWHIER &	Company			
0	Name – <i>if individual, state last,</i> j	first, middle name)			
100 SOUTH ASHLEY DRIVE, S	WIRE 1650 TA	MPA FLOR			
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
CHECK ONE:					
☑ Certified Public Accountant			PROCESSED MAY 3 0 2003		
☐ Public Accountant			() 1002 °		
☐ Accountant not resident in Unite	d States or any of its poss	essions□			
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	ON OFFICIAL USE O	114-1			

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption□See Section 240□7a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	DAMO W. DUBE	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of	PECENDER 31 .20	, as are true and correct I further swear (or affirm) that
nei		fficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
		D '442 D.A.
		Signature
	·	Parcings
		Title
	nis report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page□ (b) Statement of Financial Condition□ (c) Statement of Income (Loss)□ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition□ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Par (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to (g) Computation of Net Capital□ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requiren (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Re (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requiren (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation□	Claims of Creditors ments Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 equirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report□	o exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audi

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240 \Box 7a-5(e)(3) \Box

Financial Statements

Peak Securities Corporation
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Peak Capital Corporation)

Year Ended December 31, 2002 Independent Auditors' Report

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2002

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors Peak Securities Corporation Largo, Florida

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of Peak Securities Corporation (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Peak Capital Corporation) as of December 31, 2002 and the related statements of operations, cash flows and changes in stockholder's equity and subordinated borrowings for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Peak Securities Corporation (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Peak Capital Corporation) at December 31, 2002 and the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in subordinated borrowings for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, IV and V is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Pender Newkirk & Company Certified Public Accountants

Ponder Neukirk & Company

Tampa, Florida March 19, 2003

Pender Newkirk & Company · Certified Public Accountants

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2002

ASSETS

Cash \$ 11,077 \$ 11,077

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities \$ --
Stockholder's equity:
Common stock - No par, \$1.00 stated value;
1,000,000 shares authorized;
100 shares issued and outstanding 100
Additional paid-in capital 57,193
Accumulated deficit (46,216)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Revenues:		
Interest income	\$	35
Expenses:	•	
Professional fees	ϵ	5,020
Rent		3,180
Clearing fees	•	2,500
Office supplies and expenses		786
Insurance		769
Telephone		564
Licenses, permits and registrations		503
Bank charges		213
	14	<u>1,535</u>
Net loss	\$ (14	4.500)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Cash flows us	ed by op	perating ac	ctivities:
---------------	----------	-------------	------------

Net loss	\$	(14,500)
Decrease in security deposits Decrease in accounts payable	****	(636) 636
Net cash used by operating activities	_	(14,500)
Cash flows provided by financing activities:		
Capital contribution by former shareholders Payments to former shareholders Capital contribution by new shareholder	_	3,000 (6,924) 11,000
Net cash provided by financing activities		7,076
		,
Net decrease in cash		(7,424)
Cash, January 1, 2002	_	18,501
Cash, December 31, 2002	<u>\$</u>	11,077

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Common Stock		Additional	
	Number of		Paid-In	Accumulated
	Shares	Amount	<u>Capital</u>	Deficit
Balances, January 1, 2002	100	\$ 100	\$ 50,117	\$ (31,716)
Capital contribution provided by former shareholders			3,000	
Transfer of assets to former shareholders in connection with sale of Company			(6,924)	
Capital contribution provided by new shareholder			11,000	
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2002				_(14,500)
Balances, December 31, 2002	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 100</u>	<u>\$ 57,193</u>	<u>\$ (46,216)</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SUBORDINATED BORROWINGS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company, a Florida corporation, is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD).

On October 31, 2002, all of the outstanding common shares of the Company (then known as Inter-American Securities, Inc.) were acquired by Peak Capital Corporation. In March, 2003, the Company filed an amendment to its articles of incorporation to effect the change of its name from Inter-American Securities, Inc. to Peak Securities Corporation.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – The Company was formed to engage in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer, which comprises several classes of services, including principal transactions, agency transactions, investment banking, and venture capital businesses. During the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company did not perform any of these activities.

INCOME TAXES – The Company had previously elected to be taxed under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under these provisions, the Company did not pay federal corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the shareholders were liable for individual federal income taxes on their respective shares of the corporate income. As a result of the purchase of the Company by Peak Capital Corporation on October 31, 2002, the Company's Subchapter S election was voluntarily terminated. Accordingly, the Company will file its future tax returns on a consolidated basis with its new parent company.

USE OF ESTIMATES – The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and to reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK – The Company could be exposed to credit risks in the event of default by financial institutions in which balances are maintained in excess of insured limits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 (continued)

NOTE 3 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into a management agreement for the payment of expenses by a broker-dealer parent company, dated May 1, 2002, with Peak Capital Corporation, its parent company. Under the agreement, Peak Capital Corporation agrees to assist the Company by providing it with certain goods or services without charge, such as rent, utilities, salaries, telephone, equipment, furniture and fixtures, postage, office supplies, accounting services and other general administrative and office expenses. The management agreement is permitted under NASD guidelines so long as the Company maintains details of this arrangement in writing. The terms of the management agreement are not necessarily indicative of the terms which would have been incurred had the management agreement been entered into with independent parties.

NOTE 4 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rules (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$11,077 which was \$6,077 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

SCHEDULE 1

Net capital Total stockholders' equity	\$ 11,077
Total capital and allowable borrowings	11,077
Deduction	
Net capital before haircuts on security positions	11,077
Haircuts on security positions	
Net capital	<u>\$ 11,077</u>

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

SCHEDULE II

INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

SCHEDULE III

SCHEDULE OF SEGREGATION REQUIREMENTS AND FUNDS IN SEGREGATION FOR CUSTOMERS' REGULATED COMMODITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS ACCOUNTS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

SCHEDULE IV

RECONCILIATIONS OF MATERIAL DIFFERENCES

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

SCHEDULE V

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(d)(4), there are no material differences and, therefore, there are no material differences to reconcile.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

The Board of Directors Peak Securities Corporation Largo, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Peak Securities Corporation (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Since the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Pender Newkirk & Company · Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3 (continued)

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pender Nakirk & Company
Pender Newkirk & Company

Certified Public Accountants

Tampa, Florida March 19, 2003